PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Glen Harper

16. D L SEARLE & A F THOMAS -- VACANT HOLDING APPLICATION LOT 14 DP 246524, 637 WALLAROBBA-BROOKFIELD ROAD, WALLAROBBA 171/82/26

Application No.	171/82/26
Applicant:	D L Searle & A Thomas c/o Acroplan
Owner:	D L Searle & A Thomas
Subject Land:	Lot 14 DP 246524, 637 Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, WALLAROBBA
Area:	Approx 2.17ha
Current Zone:	Rural 1(a) – Dungog LEP 2006
Proposal:	LEP Amendment - Vacant Holding Application

Précis:

This report considers a request for an amendment to Schedule 1 of *Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006* to facilitate the erection of a dwelling-house on Lot 14 DP 246524, 637 Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, Wallarobba.

BACKGROUND

Given the land is only 2.17 hectares, the property does fall short from meeting the 'Established Holding' requirement of 60 hectares pursuant to clause 27(5)(c) of the Dungog LEP 2006. In addition, the lot was created on 14 November 1973, and therefore a dwelling is not be permissible pursuant to clause 27(7)(a) of the LEP 2006. Compliance with either of these clauses would have eliminated the need for this vacant holding process.

Under the Dungog LEP 2006, a dwelling may only be permissible by undertaking a LEP amendment to include the property as a 'Vacant Holding' under Schedule 1 of the Dungog LEP 2006.

SUBJECT LAND

The subject land is situated adjacent to Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, approximately 10 kilometres south west direct from the town centre of Dungog or approximately 1.5km east of the rural settlement of Wallarobba.

The lot is 2.17 hectares in area and remains vacant. One dam currently exists on the lot and it is expected that the lot was previously used for various small scale extensive agricultural pursuits and/or historically operated as part of a larger holding.

The location of the proposed building envelope as detailed by the applicant is in a location such that is removed from existing watercourses, is relatively flat and remains relatively clear of vegetation. It is of the opinion of the assessment officer that the building envelope remains conducive to development.

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The lot does contain some limited native vegetation outside the building envelope. In order to achieve the required Asset Protection Zone (APZ) surrounding the dwelling, it may be required for some of this vegetation to be removed. Although given the disturbed history due to its agricultural pursuits, a reasonable portion of the vegetation on the lot may be considered as regrowth vegetation (i.e. vegetation post 1990) and may be cleared pursuant to the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Applicant is required to do their own investigations with the Catchment Management Authority (CMA) at the DA stage, in this regard.

The lot does have road frontage to Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, and therefore access is possible subject to satisfactorily complying with Councils Rural Roads Policy.

Surrounding land is also zoned Rural 1(a) and adjoining properties are predominantly used for grazing/agricultural purposes. It does appear that some adjoining properties contain single dwelling houses and associated rural ancillary structures, whereas some adjoining lots remain vacant.



Figure 1. The hatched depicts the subject land.

Figure 1: Lot 14 DP 246524 No. 637 Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, WALLAROBBA

PURPOSE OF THE PLAN

The application seeks to amend *Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006* (LEP 2006) by inserting Lot 14 DP 246524, No. 637 Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, Wallarobba into Schedule 1 – Vacant Holdings, to enable the erection of a single dwelling-house on the lot with consent. It should be noted that the zoning of the land is not proposed to change.

A Development Application (DA) for a dwelling-house has not yet been lodged. A DA for construction of the dwelling house would need to be lodged following gazettal of the draft LEP/Planning Proposal.

The applicants have nominated a preferred building envelope. The building envelope is located approximately 30m from Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, 62m from the western boundary, 110 metres from the eastern boundary and 50m from the southern boundary (refer to **Annexure 'D**').

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The building envelope does not comply with the minimum 50m setback from Wallarobba-Brookfield Road. However, given the lot is considerably smaller than a typical rural allotment, a reduced building line setback may be sought. However, there is sufficient room on the property for the required 50 metres front setback provided the future dwelling bushfire construction standard was increased. The reason for the reduced setback is largely to minimise any vegetation removal. The issue regarding the setback can be further assessed at DA stage.

The relative level ground and being clear of any watercourses makes the site conducive to development. Although the dwelling may be visible from Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, the location of the building envelope is not situated on a ridgeline so therefore any dwelling on the lot will not be prominent from any part from the road. Generally, given the nature of the lot, the location of the building envelope is considered satisfactory

Should the Vacant Holding application be successful, a Development Application will then be lodged. Once the Development Application is lodged, the aesthetics of the dwelling, so that to ensure the dwelling fits into the surroundings, will be assessed accordingly.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION/DOCUMENTS

The applicant has submitted the following information in support of the proposed LEP amendment:

- a plan showing the proposed location of the building envelope,
- a bush fire risk assessment,
- a geotechnical report
- a statement addressing the proposal's compliance with the matters set out in clause 26 of LEP 2006.

Given the relatively minor nature of the proposed amendment, it is considered that a Local Environmental Study is not warranted in this case.

ANTICIPATED EFFECTS OF THE PLAN

The proposed amendment is not expected to result in any significant social, economic or environmental impacts.

The effect of not proceeding with the draft plan at this time would be that a dwelling-house would not be able to be erected on the property.

EFFECT OF EXISTING AND PROPOSED LEGISLATION/POLICIES

Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006

Clause 27(5) of LEP 2006 states:

"Consent must not be granted to the erection of a dwelling-house or a dual occupancy on land in Zone 1(a), 7 (a) or 9 (a), unless it is erected on:

- i) a lot created in accordance with clause 28 (4) (b), or
- j) a vacant holding identified in Schedule 1, or
- k) land comprising an established holding on which there is no dwelling-house, or
- I) land comprising part of an established holding, providing it will not result in there being more than one dwelling or dual occupancy for each 60 hectares of the holding."

Lot 14 was created on 14 November 1973 and therefore was not created by a Council approved subdivision whilst the Dungog LEP 2006 was in force. The subject land does not comprise an established holding or part of an established holding

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Therefore, in accordance with the provisions of LEP 2006, Council can only consent to the erection of a dwelling-house on the subject land if the land is identified in Schedule 1 of the LEP as a Vacant Holding.

Further, Clause 27(7) of the LEP 2006 states:

"Nothing in this clause prevents consent being granted to the erection of a dwelling house or dual occupancy on:

- (a) a lot created for the purpose of a dwelling since 6 April 1990, but before the appointed day, or
- (b) a lot created for the purpose of a dwelling on or after the appointed day in accordance with a valid consent for subdivision granted prior to that day."

Given Lot 14 was not created after 6 April 1990, this clause does not apply.

The subject property complies with the LEP definition of a "Vacant Holding" being land in Zone 1(a) or 9(a) that:

- "(a) comprises one lot (which may be a consolidated lot) with an area of less than 60 hectares on which no dwelling is currently located, and
- (d) was the total area of all adjoining or adjacent land held in one ownership on 1 July 2003."

Applications for properties to be identified in Schedule 1 as Vacant Holdings must also demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Clause 26(1) of LEP 2006. The table below lists each of the requirements of Clause 26(1) and provides comments about how the particular requirement will/will not be met.

Clause 26(1) – LEP 2006	Comment
(a) any buildings or works resulting from carrying out the development will blend into the landscape to promote rural amenity and character, and not be silhouetted on a ridgeline in a rural area, particularly when seen from a public road.	Given the sparse vegetation between the proposed building envelope and Wallarobba-Brookfield Road and the 30m to 50m setback from the road (maybe less than the standard 50m setback due to the small nature of the lot and the provisions within the DCP to a revised setback), the dwelling will be visible from the road. Although given the dwelling will not be located on a ridgeline, it is the opinion of Council that the dwelling will not be overly prominent.
(b) the design, bulk and colours of any such buildings will be compatible with the surrounding landscape, they are low buildings, and they are suitably screened from a public road.	The applicant has not indicated the design of the building thus far, although indicating the dwelling will be of single storey. The building will need to be designed to blend into the surrounding landscape. This will be assessed when the DA for the dwelling is lodged.
(c) there will be no, or only minimal, removal of trees or significant areas of native vegetation in carrying out the proposed development, in obtaining access to its site, in drainage from it, or for bush fire hazard protection, unless the development is essential and there is no reasonable alternative.	The location of the building envelope has been chosen to ensure minimal removal of vegetation. Therefore, the location of the building envelope remains relatively clear of any vegetation. If required, any sparse vegetation that may need to be removed to achieve the 20m

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	asset protection zone (APZ) is exempt from approval under the <i>Native Vegetation</i> <i>Act 2003.</i> The access to the lot is existing, and therefore does not require any vegetation to be removed. Although, to achieve the Safe Intersection Sight Distance (SISD) at the access point to the lot, it may be
	required for some vegetation to be removed. Removal of any vegetation is expected to be minimal and should be contained within the road reserve. Any removal of vegetation to comply with Councils SISD will be assessed under the <i>Native Vegetation Act 2003</i> during the assessment of the Development Application for the dwelling.
	There are no Tree Preservation orders for this lot.
(d) adequate vehicular access can be provided and maintained to and on the site of the proposed development.	Adequate vehicular access should be considered in terms of both legal and practical access.
	Given Lot 14 has road frontage to Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, the lot does have legal access.
	In terms of practical access, it is important to determine whether the access complies in regard to the Safe Intersection Sight Distance (SISD). Wallarobba-Brookfield Road is sign posted as 80km/hr. Given the road at this point is of a slight gradient, a sight distance of at least 160m from both directions is required.
	Although some minimal removal of vegetation may be required to achieve the SISD (small overhanging branch), it is of the opinion of the assessment officer that the SISD will be easily achieved in both directions.
	The formalisation of the SISD will be assessed again once the Development Application for the dwelling is lodged.
(e) adequate provision has been or will be made for any telecommunication and electricity services needed because of the proposed development.	Telecommunication and electricity services are available to the property.
(f) if the development will be carried out on land that is flood prone, it will not be adversely affected by flood and will not exacerbate flood conditions elsewhere.	The subject land is not flood prone by Council records.

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(g) the land to be used for development is stable, has a slope of less than 18°, and, if relevant, has minimal disturbance of sodic or	relatively	of the proposed dwelling is flat and therefore considered far 18 degrees.
dispersive soil.		
	or dispers	
(h) where the development will result in the		cant has chosen the location of
erection of dwellings, the dwellings have been or will be provided with an inner bush		ng envelope based on the least e to bushfire attack. This location
fire asset protection zone and any proposed buildings can be protected from bush fire hazard without creating any additional risk to	can be c	haracterised by an area that is clear of vegetation.
life or property, fire-fighting personnel or		given the lot is mapped as being
equipment.		prone, a bushfire risk assessment n submitted and assessed in
	accordan	ce with the document <i>Planning</i>
	for Bus assessme	<i>hfire Protection</i> 2006. The ent of the proposal has
		nded retaining an APZ of 20-25
	metres fro	om the existing dwelling.
		mmendations of the applicant are
	as follows (vi)	:- Provide an APZ surrounding
	(*)	the dwelling of at least 20-25 metres.
	(vii)	Fuel management within the
		Asset Protection Zones on Lot 14 should be continually
		maintained by regular
		slashing/mowing. Fuel
		management should also occur within the subject lot to prevent
		the build up of hazardous
	(viii)	materials. As a result of the medium risk
	(,	hazard to the north of the
		proposed dwelling, there is a requirement for Level 1
		construction measures for the
		northern, southern, western and eastern façade of the
		proposed dwelling, in
	<i>(</i>), A	accordance with AS3959.
	(ix)	The access driveways should have a six metre high corridor
		maintained free of all
		vegetation and overhanging branches.
	(x)	The site is a rural allotment
		greater than 10,000 square
		metres. It is therefore recommended that a 20,000
		litre dedicated static water
		supply in the form of a tank of non-combustible material will
		need to be connected to the
		proposed dwelling, with a

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	38mm or 65mm Storz fitting and ball gate valve dedicated for the sole purpose of the RFS in the event of a fire.
	Subject to compliance with these recommendations and the <i>Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006</i> , it is considered that a dwelling would satisfy the requirements within this part of the clause.
(i) adequate buffers are provided to any existing or foreseeable future agricultural, intensive agricultural or extractive industry activities which could cause noise, smell, fumes, vibration, spray or other objectionable impacts.	The proposed building envelope is situated 62 metres from the western, 50 metres from the southern, 110 metres from the eastern and 30 metres from the northern road frontage.
	Although the northern boundary will not comply with Councils standard setback of 50m within the 1(a) zone, a reduced building line setback may be granted under Councils Development Control Plan given the size of the allotment.
	Not all adjoining lots currently have a dwelling and/or outbuildings. Although most lots are generally considered to be used for various levels of extensive agricultural activity.
	There is no evidence of conflicting land uses that may be considered as offensive within the immediate area.
	Given the nature of the adjoining lots been similar to the lot under assessment, it remains likely that a dwelling on Lot 14 would complement the surrounding lots.
(j) adequate buffers are provided to places of Aboriginal heritage or endangered or threatened ecological communities.	No Aboriginal heritage sites or endangered/threatened ecological communities are known to occur on the property or adjoining properties. Should such be uncovered during construction the normal practice in accordance with the <i>NPWA 1974</i> would be followed.
(k) where relevant, appropriate measures have been taken to protect the amenity and comfort of the occupants of buildings near a rail corridor, or other existing or potential utility installations, from noise and vibration.	The property is not located adjacent to a rail corridor or any other existing or potential utility installations.
(I) where the proposed development will result in the erection of a habitable building, either the building can be connected to a reticulated sewerage system, or it is in accordance with an effluent capability	A geotechnical report was submitted with the application. This report indicates the site has sufficient area and soil type, capable of supporting the disposal of on- site wastewater from any future proposed

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assessment (which takes into account hydrologic loading) demonstrating effective	onsite waste water treatment system.
disposal of sewage.	The Geotechnical Report details numerous options deemed satisfactory for effluent disposal on the lot. The report has demonstrated many effluent disposal methods are suitable given the land characteristics and the size of the lot.
(<i>m</i>) the quality of stormwater run-off from the site will not degrade water quality or the quality of groundwater supplies and complies with any environmental management plan required by Council.	Stormwater run-off from the dwelling site is proposed to be redirected to on-site rainwater storage tanks. Excess stormwater from tank overflow will not impact on water quality or groundwater supplies.
	The RFS requirements and BASIX will dictate this further at DA stage.
(n) stormwater run-off from the site will not contribute to additional flooding downstream.	No significant creek or stream traverses the property.
	Stormwater run-off from the dwelling site is to be redirected to on-site rainwater storage tanks and a storm water retention system.
	It is not expected that stormwater runoff will contribute to additional flooding downstream.
(o) any relevant harvestable water rights are protected or adequately assessed.	While drainage lines do exist throughout the lot, no significant river, creek or stream traverses the lot for which water may be obtained.
	There is one existing dam on the property and no additional dams are proposed.
	Given there will be no change to the existing dam on the property and no water courses traverse the property, there appears to be no impact on any harvestable water rights.
(p) the development will not unduly lower the water table or disturb the soil so as to result in the creation of acid sulfate soil.	The proposed building envelope has been selected as it is only moderately sloping, and therefore minimal excavation will be required.
	In any case, the property is not known to contain any potential acid sulfate soils.
(q) any impact of the development on biodiversity, and on native habitat on the land, is minimal.	The applicant does not foresee any Endangered Ecological Communities are within close proximity to the proposed building envelope.
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It is unlikely any significant trees will be required to be removed within the building envelope to enable construction of the proposed dwelling-house. It is expected the impact on biodiversity would be minimal.
It may be necessary for the removal of some limited native vegetation for the provision of adequate APZs around the proposed dwelling. If required, this remains exempt under the <i>Native</i> <i>Vegetation Act 2003</i> .
Any clearing outside the specified APZ would require an updated flora & fauna assessment. This application will be assessed accordingly.

THE GATEWAY

If Council was to support the Planning Proposal (PP), the PP would be sent to the Minister for Planning (or delegate) for the Gateway determination to specify whether the PP is to proceed and, if so, in what circumstances. The purpose of the Gateway determination is to ensure there is sufficient justification early in the process to proceed with a planning proposal.

Once the planning proposal is forwarded to the Minister for Planning (or delegate), it is assessed by the Department of Planning. The planning proposal and the recommendation of the Department of Planning will then be forwarded to the LEP Review Panel. The LEP Review Panel will consider the planning proposal and the recommendation of the Department of Planning before providing their own recommended Gateway determination to the Minister. The Minister will consider the recommendation of the LEP Review Panel.

The Gateway determination will indicate the following:

- whether the planning proposal should proceed (with or without variation);
- whether the planning proposal should be resubmitted for any reason (including for further studies or other information, or for the revision of the planning proposal);
- community consultation requirements;
- any consultation required with State or Commonwealth public authorities;
- whether a public hearing is to be held into the matter by the Planning Assessment Commission or other specified person or body;
- the times within which the various stages of the procedure for the making of the proposed LEP are to be completed; and
- whether the function of making the LEP is to be exercised by the Minister for Planning or delegated to the relevant planning authority.

Therefore, in order to proceed with the proposed LEP amendment, Council or the Applicant needs to prepare a planning proposal explaining the intended effect of and justification for the draft LEP and forward the planning proposal to the Minister for a Gateway determination, in accordance with the new plan-making provisions in Part 3 of the EP&A Act.

It is important to note that a gateway determination under section 56 of the EP&A Act must be obtained authorising a planning proposal to proceed before community consultation takes place.

IMPLICATIONS

Financial

This matter has no direct financial impact upon Council's adopted budget or forward estimates.

Policy

The draft plan is unlikely to have any policy implications for Council.

Statutory

The statutory process for preparing an amendment to the Dungog LEP 2006 is detailed in Part 3 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

CONCLUSION

The proposal is generally consistent with relevant environmental planning instruments, section 117 directions, Government policies and Council strategies. The applicants have satisfactorily demonstrated compliance with the provisions of clause 26(1) of *Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006*.

Accordingly, it is recommended that the amendment request be supported.

Minute No. 34849

RESOLVED on the motion of Cr Farrow and seconded by Cr Mitchell that:

- 1. Council resolve to prepare an amendment to *Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006* to include Lot 14 DP 246524, No. 637 Wallarobba-Brookfield Road, Wallarobba in Schedule 1 Vacant Holdings.
- 2. Pursuant to section 55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Council and/or the Applicant prepare a Planning Proposal explaining the intended effect of the proposed LEP and setting out the justification for making the proposed instrument.
- 3. Pursuant to section 56(1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979,* Council forward the Planning Proposal to the Minister for Planning for a Gateway determination.

ANNEXURE 'D' TO ITEM NO. 16 – MANAGER PLANNING'S REPORT



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